

## 01325 Mathematics 4, Spring 2013

### Week no. 11

**Theory:** Wednesday April 24 the lectures cover pages 164–170 (wavelets)

**Exercises for Wednesday April 24:** 8.2, 8.6, 8.7 (i)-(vii), 8.11

*Hints to Exercise 8.2:* We know from Exercise 7.1 that  $\widehat{\phi}(\gamma) = e^{-\pi i \gamma} \frac{\sin(\pi \gamma)}{\pi \gamma}$ .

Using this, you can calculate  $\widehat{\phi}(2\gamma)$  and “pull out” the terms corresponding to  $\widehat{\phi}(\gamma)$ .” What is left, corresponds to the function  $H_0(\gamma)$ . If you instead work with the expression  $\widehat{\phi}(\gamma) = \frac{1-e^{-2\pi i \gamma}}{2\pi i \gamma}$ , you can follow the same procedure, using that

$$1 - e^{-4\pi i \gamma} = (1 - e^{-2\pi i \gamma})(1 + e^{-2\pi i \gamma}).$$

Write now the function  $H_0$  as a trigonometric polynomial, and use Theorem 8.2.7 to find the function  $H_1$ , also on the form of a trigonometric polynomial. Looking at the coefficients in this polynomial immediately yields the wavelet  $\psi$  via Proposition 8.2.8.

**Homework 11, to be turned in no later than Wednesday May 8:**  
**6.12 (i)** (remember to check that the integral in the inner product is well defined), **8.4** (show that the coefficients in the series only are nonzero for finitely many values of  $k$ ), **7.13** (put  $g := D_\alpha f$  and apply Theorem 7.4.5 on the function  $g$ )

Regards,

Ole